

0500009



## MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

## BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

Public Water Supply Name

050002 050005 050007
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

0500004

0500001

confid	Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distrib idence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water sy be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upo	etem this CCD
Please	se Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report	
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	
	Advertisement in local paper  On water bills  Other	
	Date customers were informed: 6/2/10	
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods	:
	Date Mailed/Distributed: / /	
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
	Name of Newspaper:	
	Date Published:/_/_	
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)  Date Posted: 6/2/10  Central Water Office	
	Date Posted: 6/2/10 Central Water Office	
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www	
CERT	TIFICATION	
the for	by certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public variety and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and stent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the M rtment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.	correct and is
Gle Name	enn Goldman Manager  Marager  Me/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)  Date	_
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518	
	570 East Woodrow Wilson • Post Office Box 1700 • Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1700	

## 2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Central Water Association

2010 JUN -2 AN 7: 25

PWS ID#: 0500001, 0500002, 0500004, 0500005, 0500006, 0500007& 0500009 May 2010

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox, Middle Wilcox, Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Central Water Association have received a lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Glenn Goldman at 601-656-6171. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of each month at 6:00 PM at the Central Water Office located at 915 Valley View Dr.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2009. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2009, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) — The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
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10. Barium	N	2005*	.052	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	1	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	10	0	ppb	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2005*	.6	No Range	ppb	50	1	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection 73. TTHM [Total	on By	-Produc	13.22	No Range	ppb	0		By-product of drinking water disinfection.
trihalomethanes]	<del>                                     </del>	10000	1.05	05 105				T.,,
Chlorine	l N	2009	1.25	.65 – 1.25	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

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Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2005*	.062	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	.6	No Range	ppb	100		Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	i	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	9	0	ppb	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2005*	.5	No Range	ppb	50	1	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfecti	on By-P	roducts	}					
Chlorine	N	2009	1.25	.65 – 1.25	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

* Most	recent	sampie.	NO	requir		9.

PWS ID#	<b>#: 05000</b> 0	04	,	TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Contai	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2006*	.087	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2005/07*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

17. Lead	N	2005/07*	2	1	ppb	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits		
Disinfection By-Products										
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2007*	4.95	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.		
Chlorine	N	2009	1.8	.88 – 1.8	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes		

* Most	recent	sample.	No	sample	reauired	for 2009.
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Contaminant	Violation	Date	Level	Range of Detects	Unit	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Contamiliant	Y/N Y/N	Collected	Detected	or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Measure -ment	WICLO	IVICE	Lively Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2005*	.089	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2005/07*	.4	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2005/07*	4	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectio	n By P	roducts	3					
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2007*	5.65	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	1.27	.68 – 1.27	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

PWS ID#:	050000	)6	,	TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2006*	.010	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2006*	1	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	4	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	on By-P	roducts	}					
81. HAA5	N	2005*	1	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2009	1.6	.7 – 1.6	ppm	0	MDRL =	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

PWS ID#:	050000	7	1	TEST RESU	LTS				
Contaminant	Violation	Date	Level	Range of Detects	Unit	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	1

	Y/N	Collected	Detected	or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Measure -ment			
Inorganic	Conta	minants	i					
10. Barium	N	2005*	.041	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	1	No Range	ppb	100		Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.4	0	ppm	1.3		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	11	0	ppb	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2005*	.7	No Range	ppb	50	1	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection	on By-J	Products	s					
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2007*	3.03	No Range	ppb	0		By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	1.2	.9 – 1.2	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples	Unit Measure	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
				Exceeding MCL/ACL	-ment				
Inorganic	Contar	ninants							
10. Barium	N	2005*	.049	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2005*	.7	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits	
14. Copper	N	2005/07*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	
17. Lead	N	2005/07*	3	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
Disinfection	on By-P	Products	S						
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2007*	16.72	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2009	1.32	.85 – 1.32	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

 $<sup>*</sup> Most \ recent \ sample. \ No \ sample \ required \ for \ 2009.$ 

As you can see by the tables, our systems had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Central Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

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## PROOF OF PUBLICATION THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI NESHOBA COUNTY

PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Neshoba County, Mississippi, James E Prince, Editor and Publisher of THE NESHOBA DEMOCRAT, a weekly newspaper of general circulation in Neshoba County, Mississippi as defined and prescribed in Section 13-3-31, of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is attached hereto was published in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

Date	06/02	, 2010
Vol.	129	, No. <u>2</u> 2
Date		, 2010
Vol.		, No
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SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me the

NOTARY PUBLIC ID# 49430 Commission Expires

THE NESHOBA DEMOCRAT

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